

Global Research Platform Workshop: An Overview

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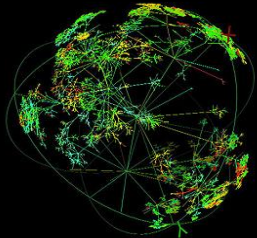
PI StarLight SDX, Co-PI Chameleon, PI-iGENI, PI-OMNINet

Global Research Platform Workshop

Co-Located With IEEE International Conference On eScience

Chicago, Illinois

September 15-16, 2025



***Global Research Platform Workshop – Co-Located With
IEEE International Conference On eScience Sept 15-16, 2025***

WELCOME!



ST[★]RLIGHTSM

GRP: Next Generation Platform For Global Science



NSF's Cyberinfrastructure Framework for the 21st Century (CIF21)

- Large Scale, Powerful, and Sophisticated Instrumentation Integrated With New Computational Science Methods (Especially Now) Are Revolutionizing Science Research.
- This Revolution Is Transforming Research, Practice, And Education In Science
- Such A Large Scale Transformation Is Made Possible By International Collaboration – Science Is Global!
- Global Partners Are Creating World-Wide Comprehensive Distributed Environments Interlinking Global Science Communities And Integrating Instruments, High Performance Computing, Networking, Storage, Analytics, And Specialized Facilities.
- This Environment Enables Novel Integration Of Theoretical, Experimental, and Observational Methods For New Knowledge Discovery



Large Scale Science Ecosystems

- Planning Processes Are Defining Future, Specialized Requirements.
- In Response To These Requirements Cyberinfrastructure Blueprints Are Being Created: Architecture, Services, Techniques, Technologies, Processes, Methods et al
- Current Processes Are Examining Opportunities For Improving Relationships Among Science Workflows And Foundation Resource Services and Resources, Particularly With AI/ML/DL
- Dedicated vs Shared
- Key Issues Focus On Policies Determining What Resources Are A) Devoted To Domains B) Shared Among Domains And C) Combining Dedicated And Shared Resources



Global Collaborative Research Communities

- The Global Research Platform (GRP) Is An International Collaborative Partnership Creating A Distributed Environment (Ecosystem) for International Data Intensive Science
- Open Information Sharing, A Cornerstone of The Science Process, Motivates This Forum: Concepts, Experiments, Instruments, Methods, Techniques, Data, Architecture, Implementation, Technologies, Operations, and Results
- The GRP Also Provides Opportunities For eScience Environment Infrastructure Sharing Among Collaborative Science Communities
- The GRP Facilitates High Performance World-Wide Data Gathering, Analytics, High Capacity, High Performance Transport, Computing, Storage, And Analytics
- www.theglobalresearchplatform.net



Foundation For Global Research Platform: Major R&E Networks



Visualization courtesy of Bob Patterson, NCSA; data compilation by Maxine Brown, UIC.



www.glif.is

STARLIGHTSM

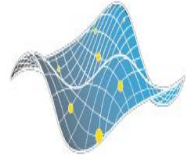
"The global advancement of science by realizing a multiresource infrastructure through international collaboration."



GRP Foundation: Open R&E Exchanges  **R L I G H TSM**

Selected Applications/Instruments

FABRIC



Open Storage
Network
www.openstorage.network.org



OSIRIS
www.osris.org



XSEDE
www.xsede.org



Blue Waters
bluewaters.ncsa.illinois.edu



PRAGMA
www.pragma-grid.net



CENTRA
www.globalcentra.org



OSG
www.openscience.grid.org



GRP
theglobalresearchplatform.net/



PRP
pacificresearchplatform.org



CHASE-CI
www.calit2.net/newsroom/article.php?id=2910



SAGE2
sage2.sagecommons.org



Polar Geospatial
Center
www.pgc.umn.edu



IceCube
icecube.wisc.edu



Chameleon
www.chameleoncloud.org



Jetstream
www.jetstream-cloud.org



Genomic Science
Program
genomicscience.energy.gov



LSST
www.lsst.org



Pierre Auger
Observatory
www.auger.org



Belle II
www.belle2.org



LBNF/DUNE/
ProtoDUNE
lbnf.fnal.gov



ISS
www.nasa.gov/station



SKA
www.skatelescope.org



XENON
Dark Matter Project
xenon.astro.columbia.edu



NOVA
novaexperiment.
fnal.gov



Virgo
www.virgo-gw.eu



LIGO
www.ligo.caltech.edu



SDSS
www.sdss.org



ALMA
www.almaobservatory.org



LHC
home.cern/science/accelerators/large-hadron-collider



LHCONE
twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/LHCONE/WebHome



LHCOPN
twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/LHCOPN/WebHome



IVOA
www.ivoa.net

The international journal of science / 13 February 2025

nature

COSMIC CATCHER

Deep-sea telescope detects
neutrino with highest
energy ever recorded

 **RLIGHT**SM

DOE EXPERIMENTAL USER FACILITIES

- DOE operates 24 experimental user facilities
- Similar to the computing facilities, some of them are undergoing upgrades
- Their data rates and their computing needs will increase accordingly



FNAL AC



DIII-D



JGI



NSTX-U



TMF



SNS



CNMS



ATLAS



RHIC



NSLS-II



CNM



SSRL



EMSL



HFIR



CFN



ATF



LCLS



FRIB



CEBAF



ARM



CINT



FACET-II



APS



LCLS

Next Generation Research Platforms

- US National Research Platform
- Asia Pacific Research Platform
- Korean Research Platform
- EU SLICES
- Worldwide LHC Computing Grid (WLCG)
- DOE Integrated Research Infrastructure (IRI)
- Open Science Grid
- Open Science Data Grid
- And Many Others Around the World



Worldwide LHC Computing Grid

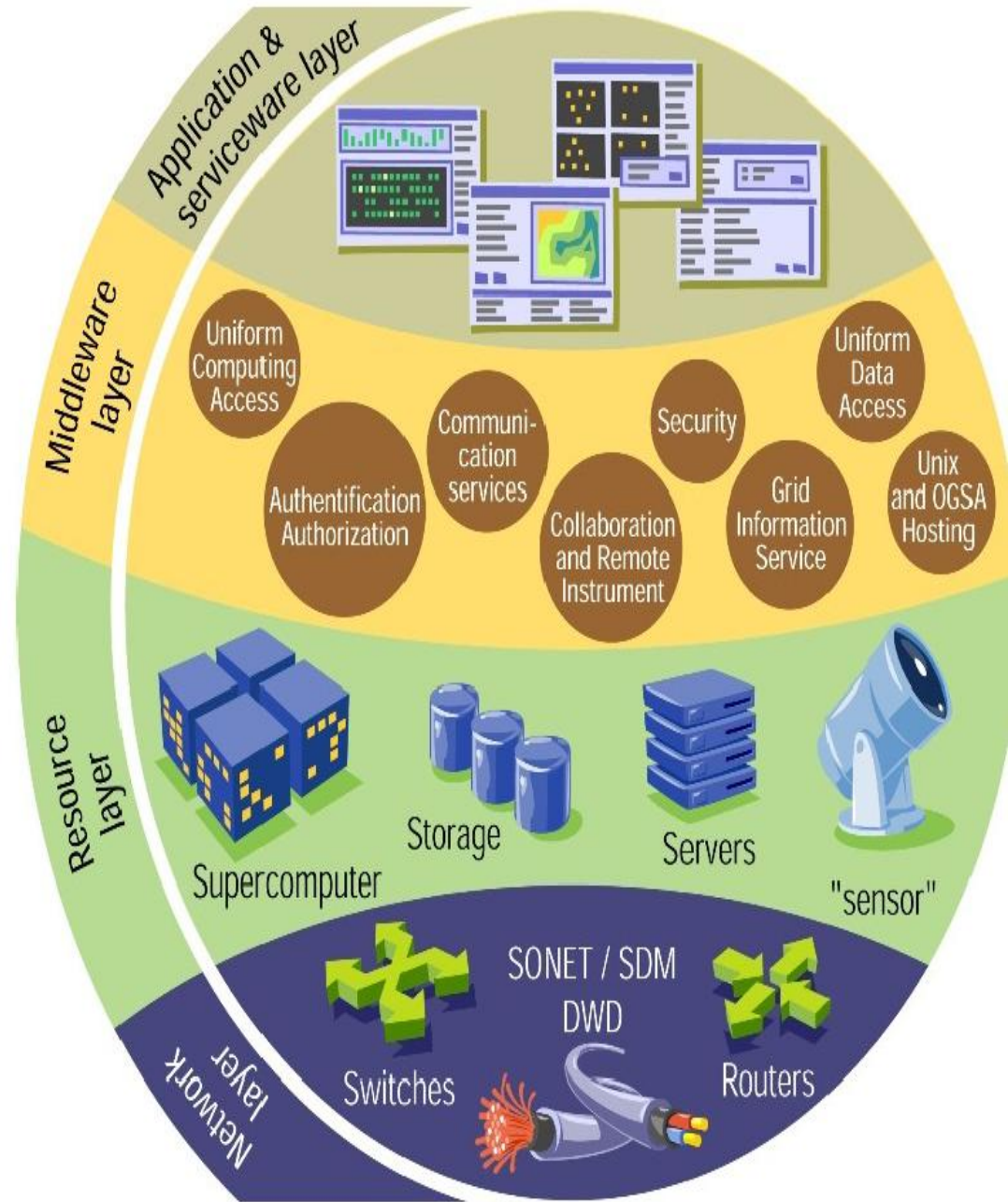
- The Worldwide LHC (Large Hadron Collider) Computing Grid (WLCG): Global Collaboration Of ~ 170 Computing Centers In More Than 40 Countries, Integrating National and International Grid Infrastructures.
- WLCG Provides Global Resources To Gather, Store, Distribute and Analyze ~200 Petabytes of LHC Data Each Year, Planned To Significantly Increase When the High Luminosity LHC Is Implemented (~10*X)
- WLCG – Partnership of EGI (European Grid Infrastructure), OSG (Open Science Grid), and NeIC (Nordic e-Infrastructure Collaboration).



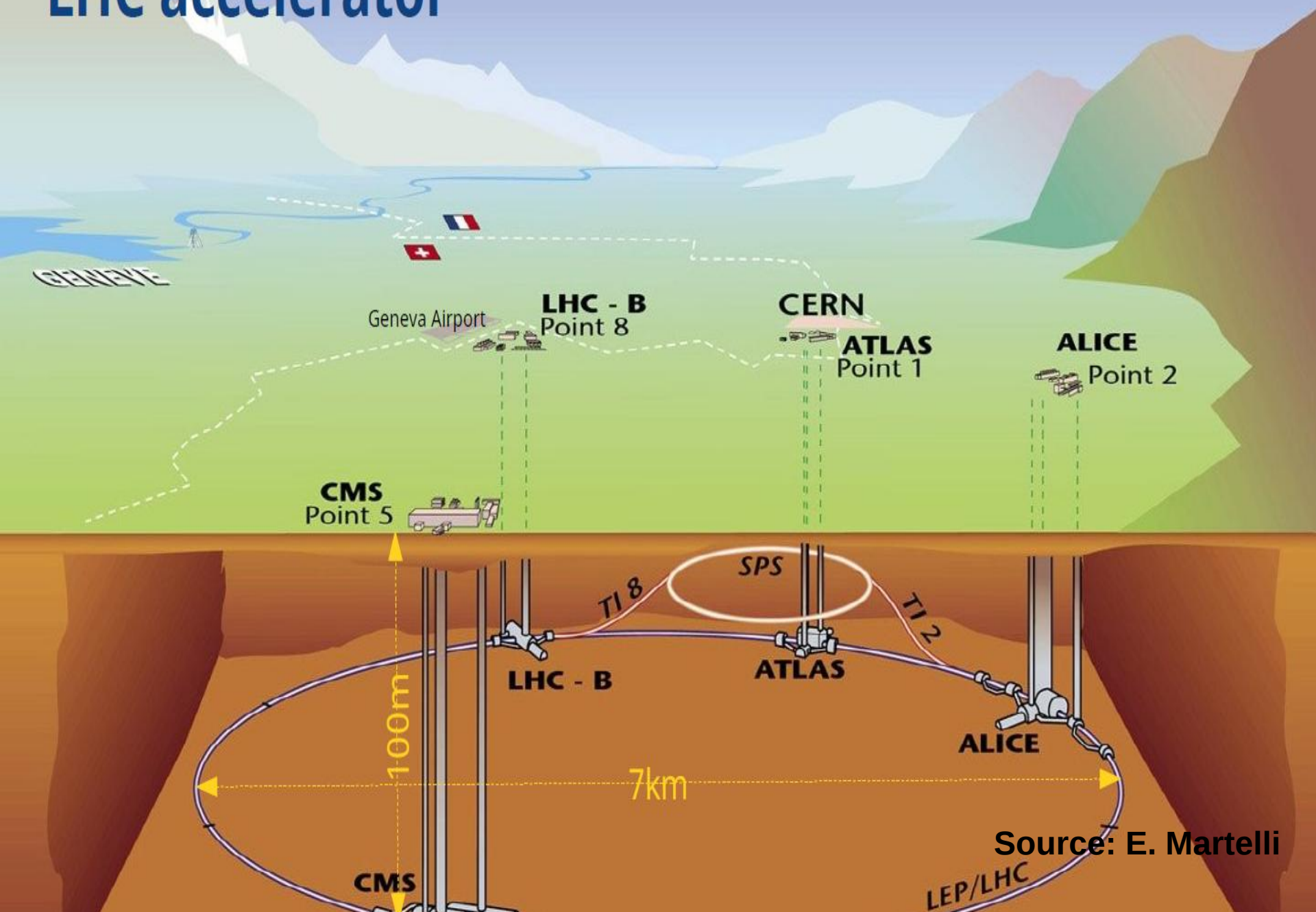
WLCG

The Worldwide LHC Computing Grid (WLCG) is **a large, distributed computing and storage infrastructure and the software framework to exploit it**

Source: E. Martelli



LHC accelerator

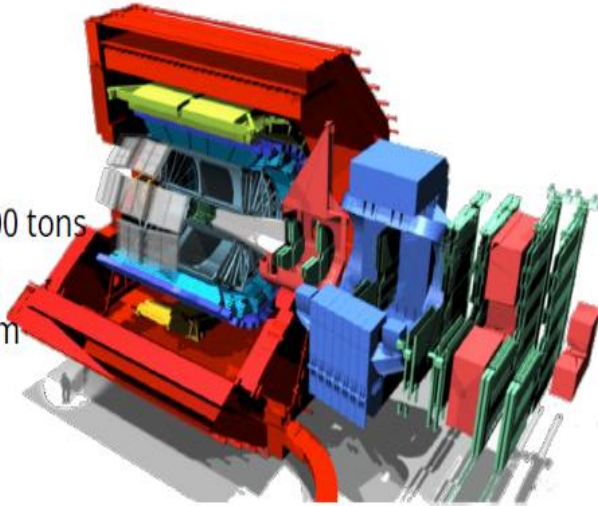


Source: E. Martelli

LHC major experiments

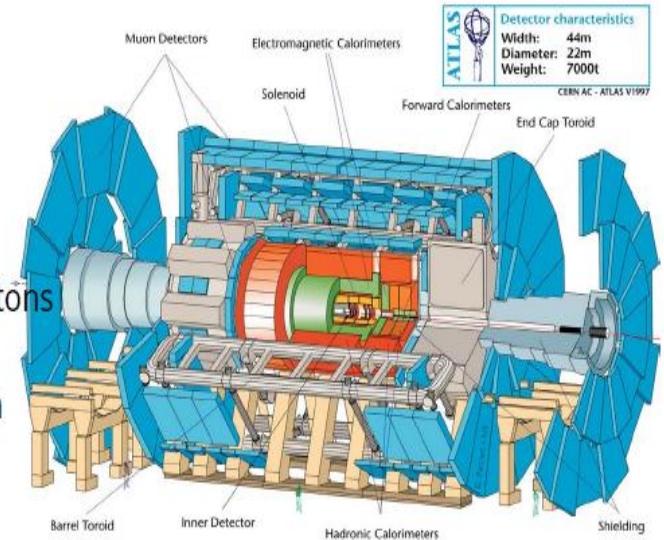
ALICE

Weight: 10,000 tons
Length: 26 m
Diameter 16 m



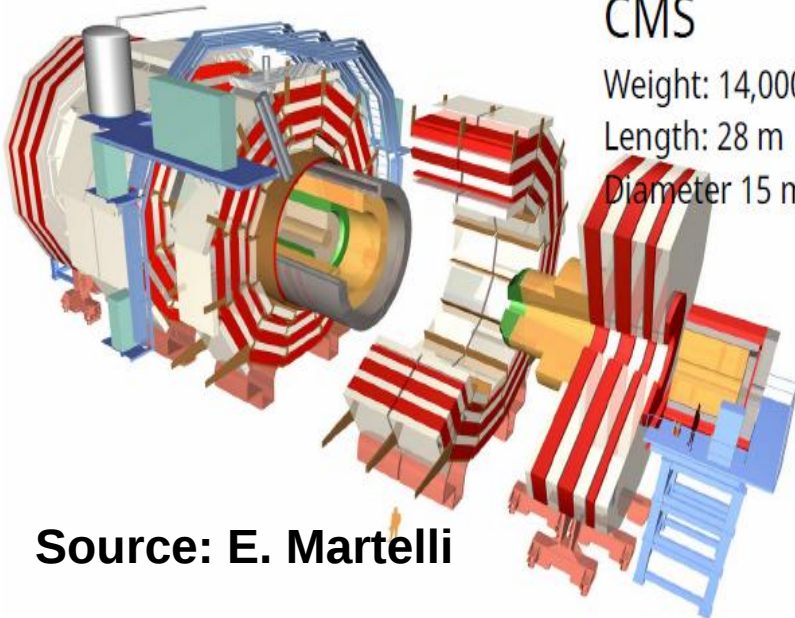
ATLAS

Weight: 7,000 tons
Length: 44 m
Diameter 22 m



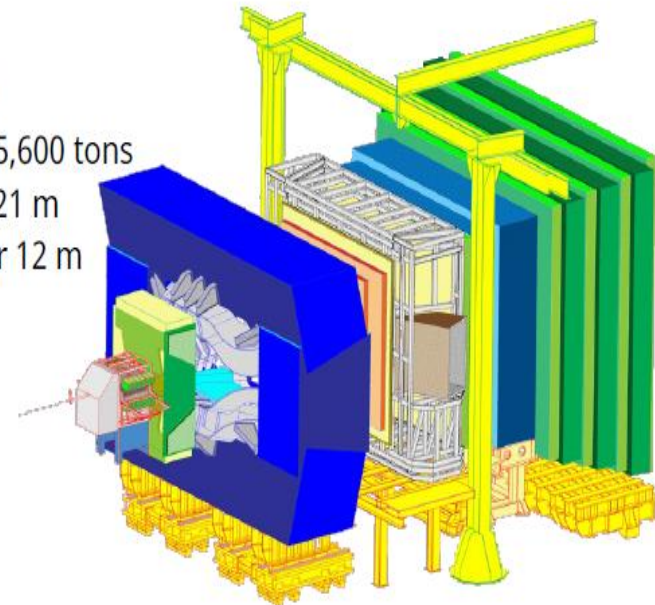
CMS

Weight: 14,000 tons
Length: 28 m
Diameter 15 m



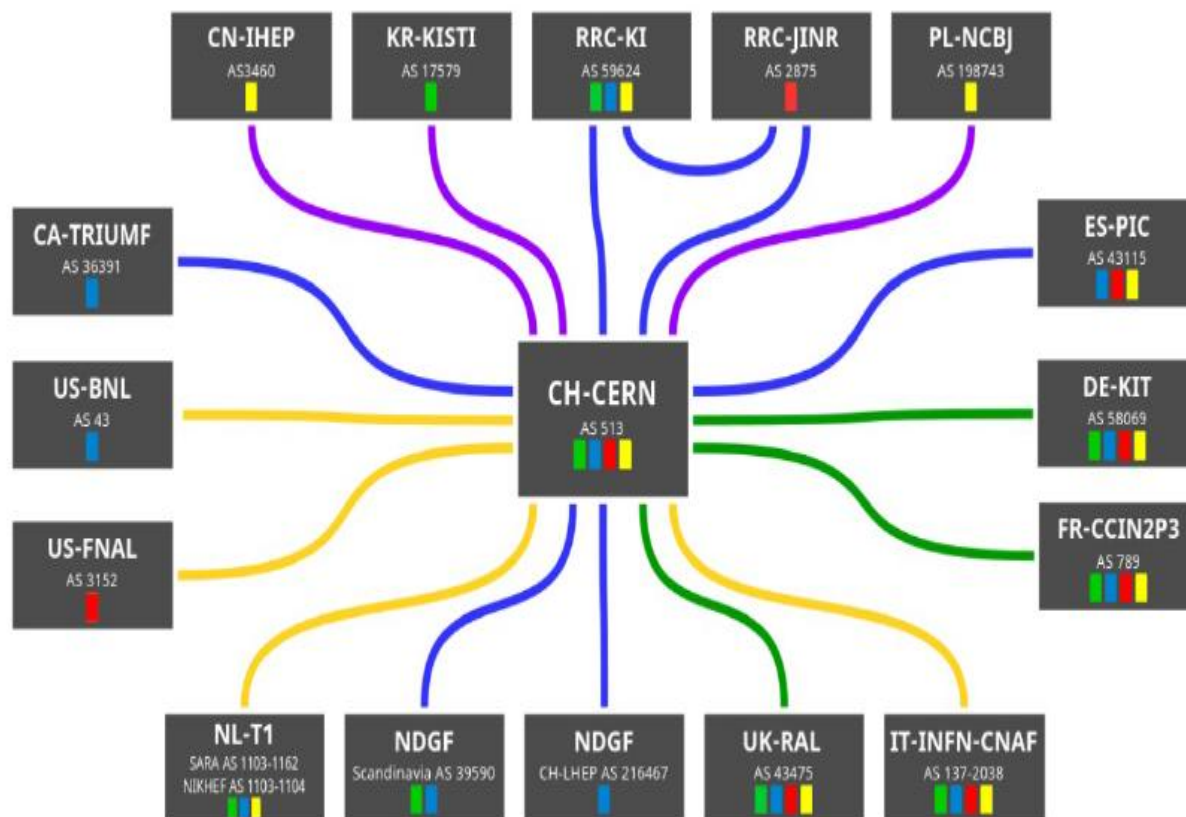
LHCb

Weight: 5,600 tons
Length: 21 m
Diameter 12 m



Source: E. Martelli

LHCOPN

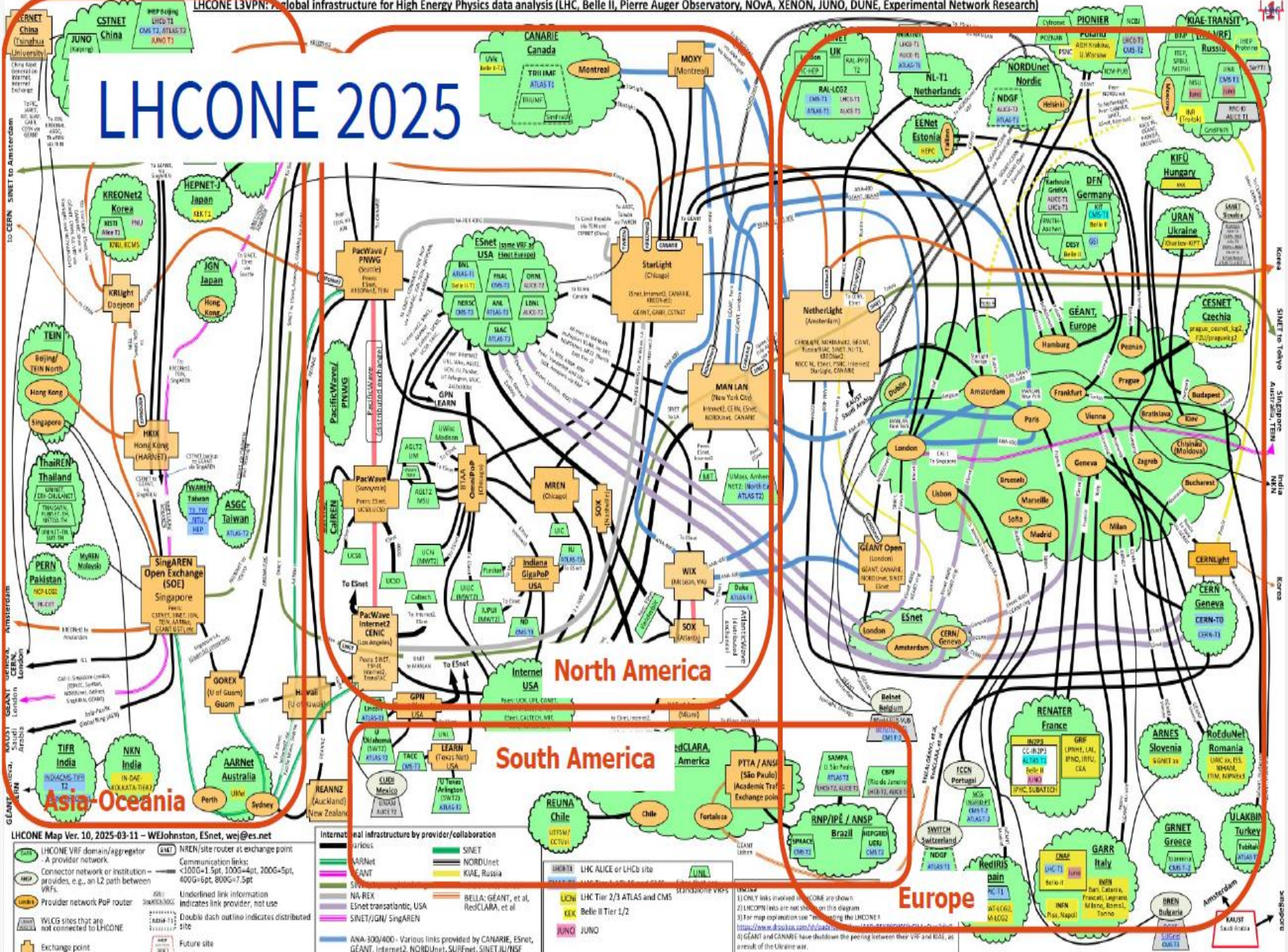


Line speeds:	Experiments:
20Gbps	Alice = Alice
100Gbps	Atlas = Atlas
200Gbps	CMS = CMS
400Gbps	LHCb = LHCb
800Gbps	
Last update: 20240823	
edoardo.martelli@cern.ch	

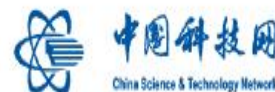
Numbers

- 17 sites for 15 Tier1s + 1 Tier0
- 14 countries in 3 continents
- 2.88 Tbps to the Tier0

LHCONE 2025



NRENs supporting HEP



Open to other HEP collaborations



Non-LHC Scientific Communities Using LHCONE

- Belle II Experiment, Particle Physics Experiment Designed To Study Properties of B Mesons (Heavy Particles Containing a Bottom Quark)
- Pierre Auger Observatory, Studying Ultra-High Energy Cosmic Rays, the Most energetic and Rarest Particles in The Universe
- LIGO and Virgo (In August 2024 This Collaboration Measured a Gravitation Wave Originating From a Binary Neutron Star Merger.)
- NOvA Experiment: Designed To Answer Fundamental Questions In Neutrino Physics
- XEON Dark Matter Project: Global Collaboration Investigating Fundamental Properties of Dark Matter, Largest Component of the Universe
- DUNE/ProtoDUNE – Deep Underground Neutrino Experiment
- Futures – High Luminosity LHC, MultiONE, Future Circular Collider



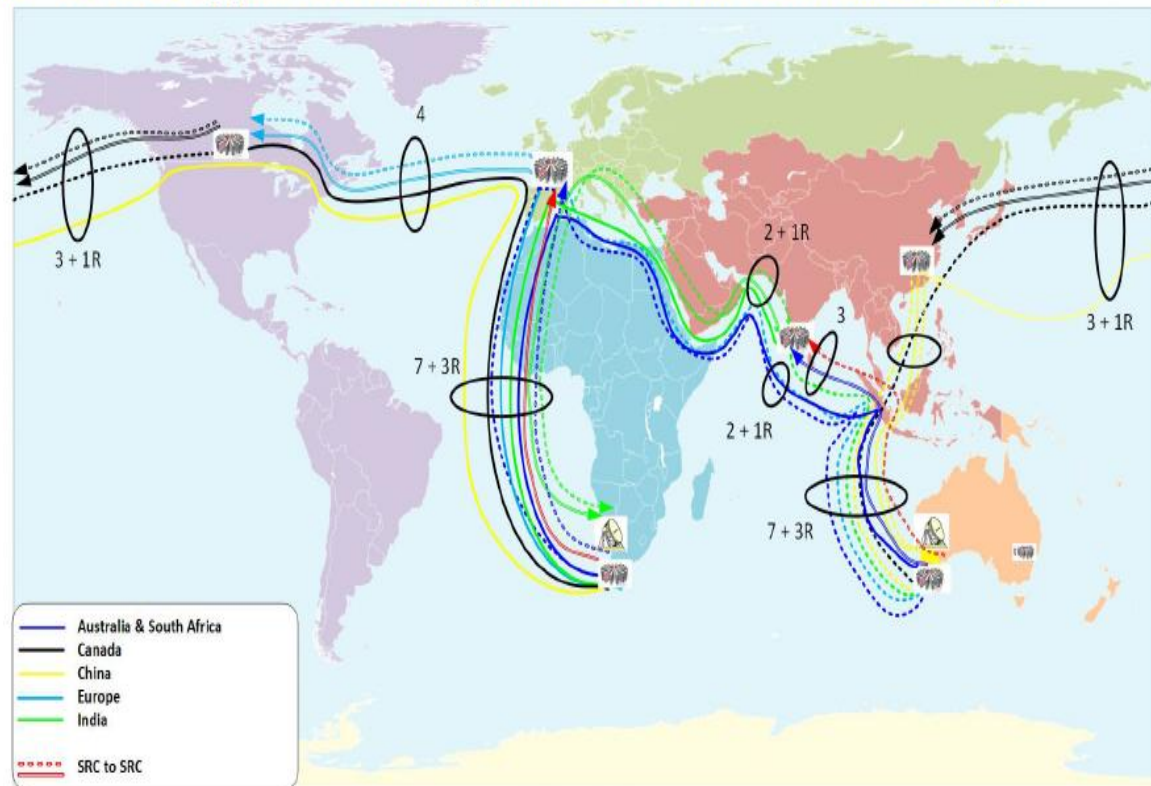
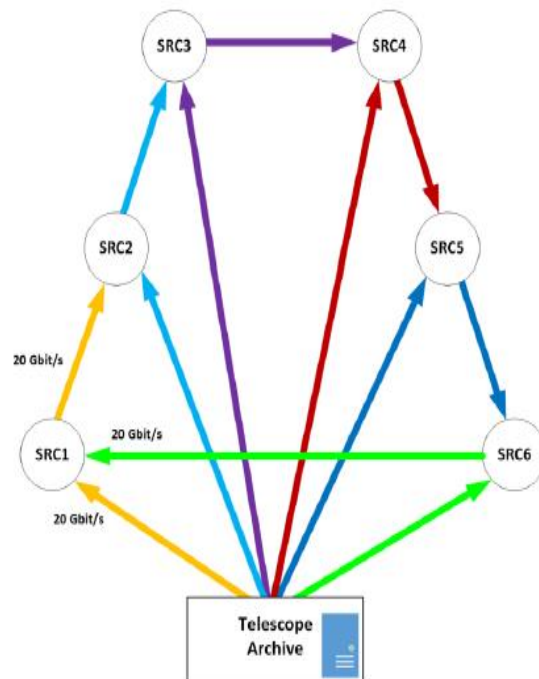
WLCG Network Requirements For HL-LHC

- Each Major Tier1 Will Require:
- 1 Tbps Path To the Tier0 At CERN (LHCOPN)
- 1 Tbps Path to the Tier2s (Aggregated, LHCONE)
- Each Major Tier2 Will Require:
- More Than 400 Gbps (LHCONE)
- WLCG, The NREN Communities, And The Open Exchange Communities Support Projects Addressing These Requirements



Global Data Flows if the SRC Re-distribute data – 2 Replicas

- Each SRC accepts its fraction of the Observatory Data Products and re-distributes to another SRC.
- SRC has 20 Gbit/s flow from the telescope & a second continuous 20 Gbit/s flow from another SRC.
- Each SRC sends out a 20 Gbit/s flow.
- Makes substantial use of the shared academic network which would imply charges to the SKA community.
- **Probable cost to SKA community Very approx. ~ 0.8 M USD/year not allowing for the extra BW from the telescopes**



LHCOPN+LHCONE community meetings

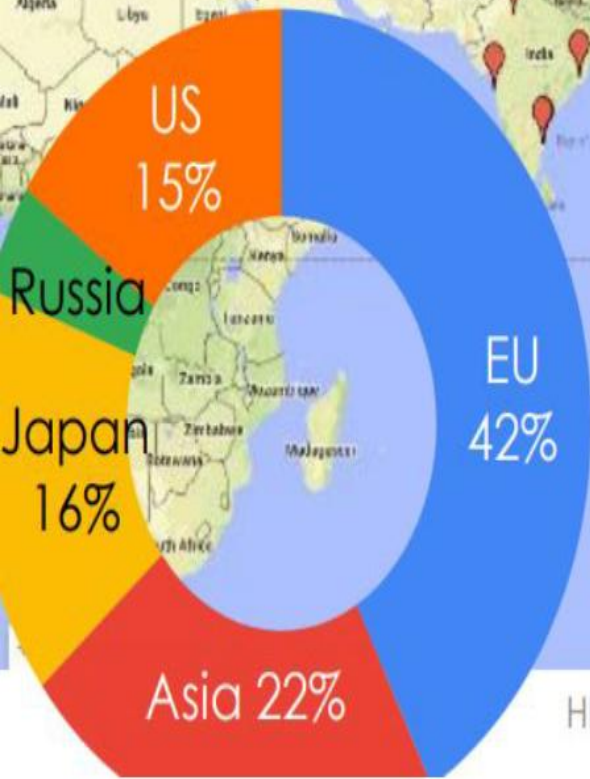
- A forum for site managers, NRENs, experiments to discuss requirements and policies, plan upgrades, design new features
- Meeting two times per year
- Just held meeting #54, hosted by SKAO in UK





Belle II Collaboration

A Global Collaboration
as wide as an LHC experiment



26 countries/regions
123 institutes
1,075 researchers

DUNE Collaboration

An international effort

The Deep Underground Neutrino Experiment brings together over 1,000 scientists from more than 30 countries around the world.



Armenia
Brazil
Bulgaria
Canada
Chile
China
Colombia
Czech Republic

Finland
France
Greece
India
Iran
Italy
Japan
Madagascar

Mexico
Netherlands
Paraguay
Peru
Poland
Romania
Russia
South Korea

Spain
Sweden
Switzerland
Turkey
Ukraine
United Kingdom
United States

Orchestration Among Multiple Domains

- **Instrumentation and Analytic, Storage Resources Are Highly Distributed Among Multiple Domains Interconnected With High Performance Networks**
- **A Key Issues Is Discovering Resources, Claiming Them, Integrating Them, Utilizing Them and Releasing Them**
- **Increasingly, New Software Defined Infrastructure Architecture, Services, Techniques And Technologies**



Large-Scale High Capacity Data WAN Transport

- **Large-Scale High Capacity Data WAN Transport Has Always Been And Remains A Major Challenge, Especially Over Global Paths**
- **This Issue Is Emphasized By A Next Generation Of Instrumentation That Will Generate Exponentially Large Volumes Of Data That Has To Be Distributed Across the Globe**
- **More Than Network Capacity - An E2E Issue, Especially Given Advances In Core Optical Networking Technologies**



High-Fidelity Data Flow Monitoring, Visualization, Analytics, Diagnostic Algorithms, Event Correlation AI/ML/DL

- **A Major Opportunity For Data Transport Optimization Is Being Provided By New Methods For Directly Detecting And Analyzing All Data Flows And Their Characteristics**
- **Because These Techniques Enable High-Fidelity Views Of All Flows, Real Time, Dynamic Traffic Engineering Is Possible With Much More Sophistication Than Traditional Approaches**
- **These Techniques Can Be Significantly Enhanced Using AI/ML/DL, Becoming Critically Important Tools In The Near Term (e.g., Networking for AI, AI for Networking)**

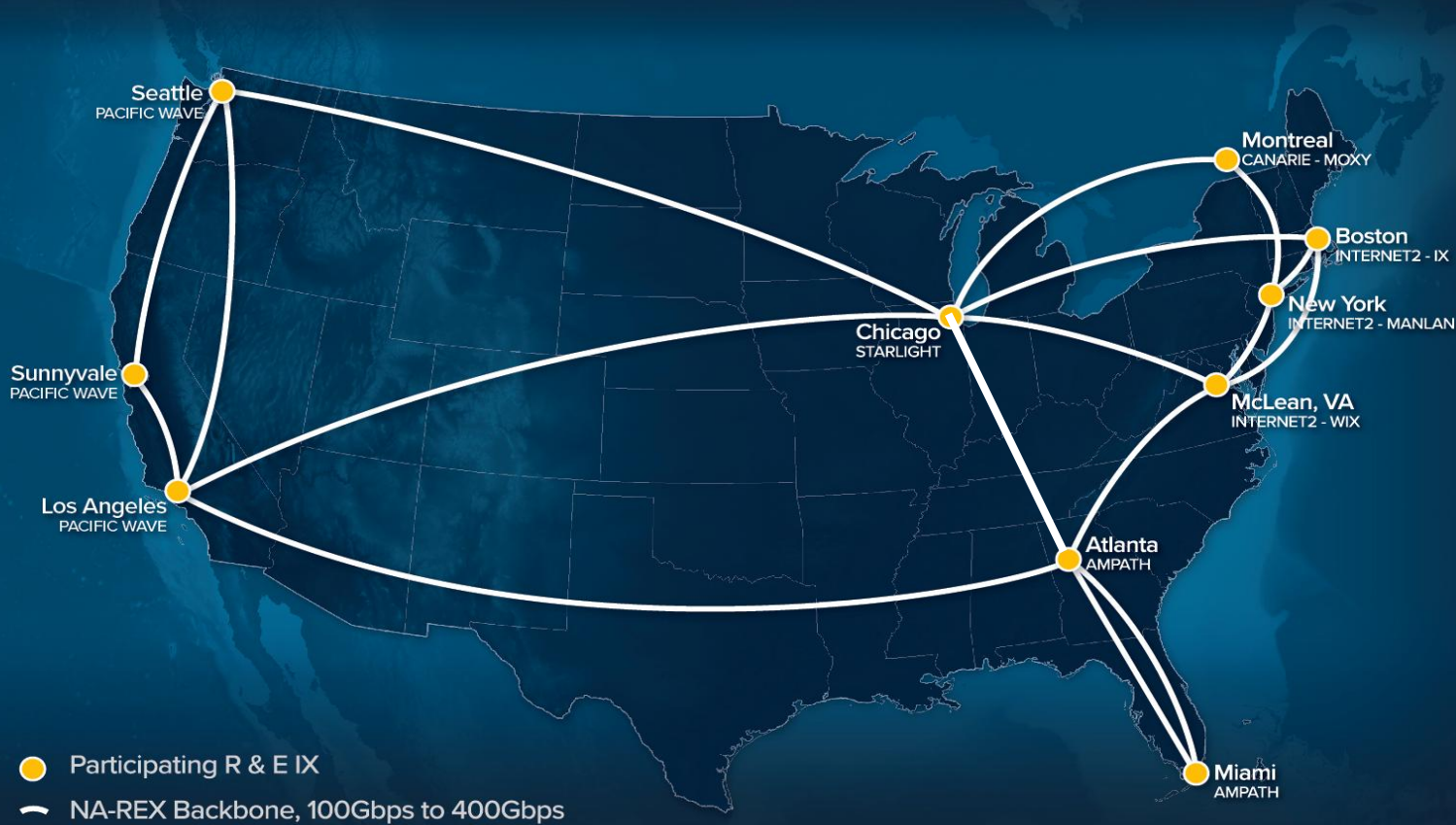


International Testbeds for Data-Intensive Science

- **Challenging Requirements Of Anticipated Large Scale Science Projects Along With Accelerated Rates Of Innovation Require International Testbeds For Pre-Production Investigations And Prototyping Of New Technologies And Techniques Specifically Related To Data Intensive Science, e.g., Tbps E2E WAN Services Among Sites, Coherent Pluggable Optics**
- **Global Experimental Research Testbeds Are Being Developed With Enhanced Capacities, Additional Sites, And Innovative Capabilities**

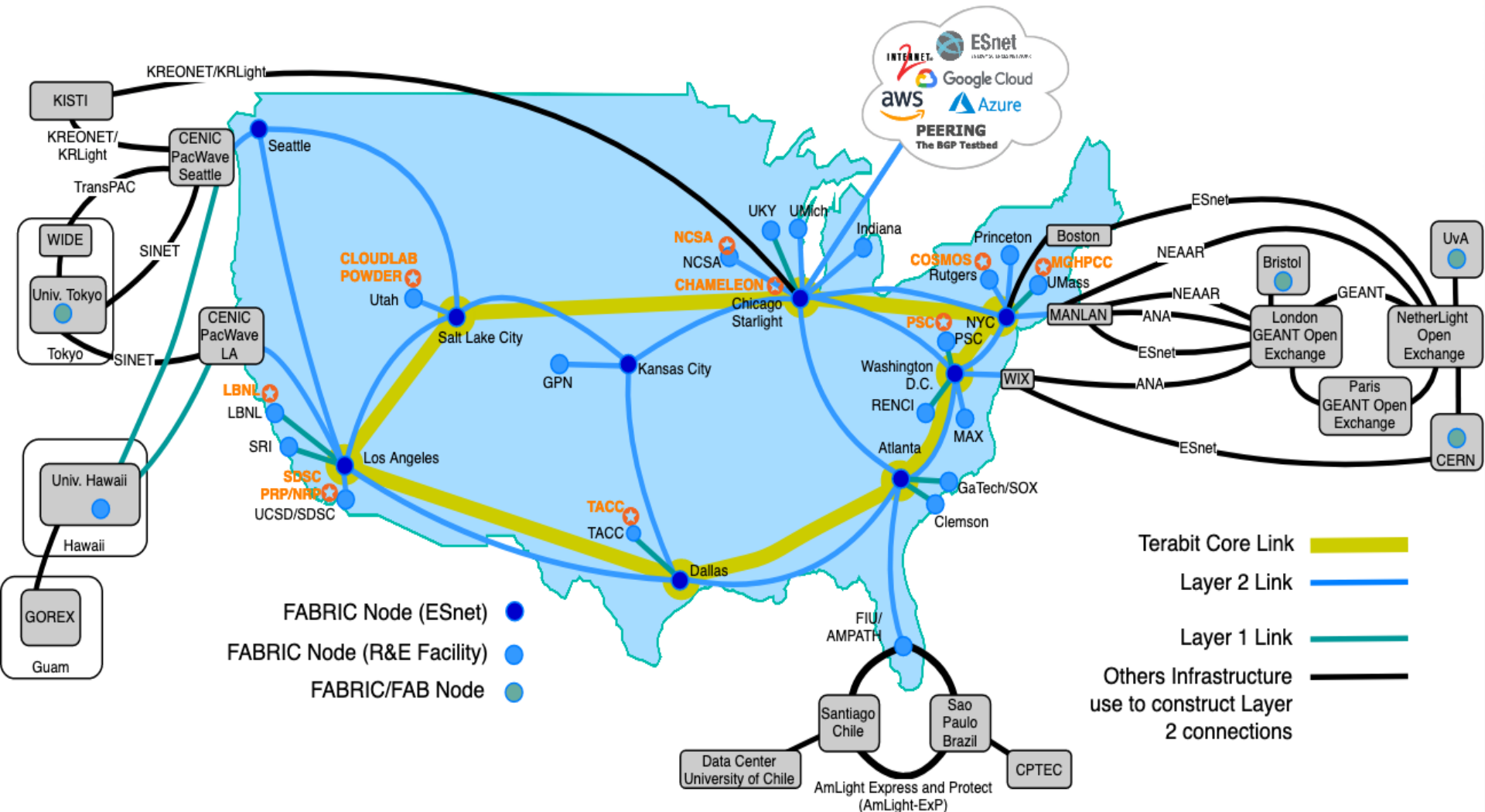


NA-REX North America Research & Education Exchange Collaboration



November 2023

Paul Ruth PI, RENCI: FABRIC



Core = 1.2 Tbps

STARLIGHTSM



www.chameleoncloud.org

CHAMELEON: A LARGE SCALE, RECONFIGURABLE EXPERIMENTAL INSTRUMENT FOR COMPUTER SCIENCE

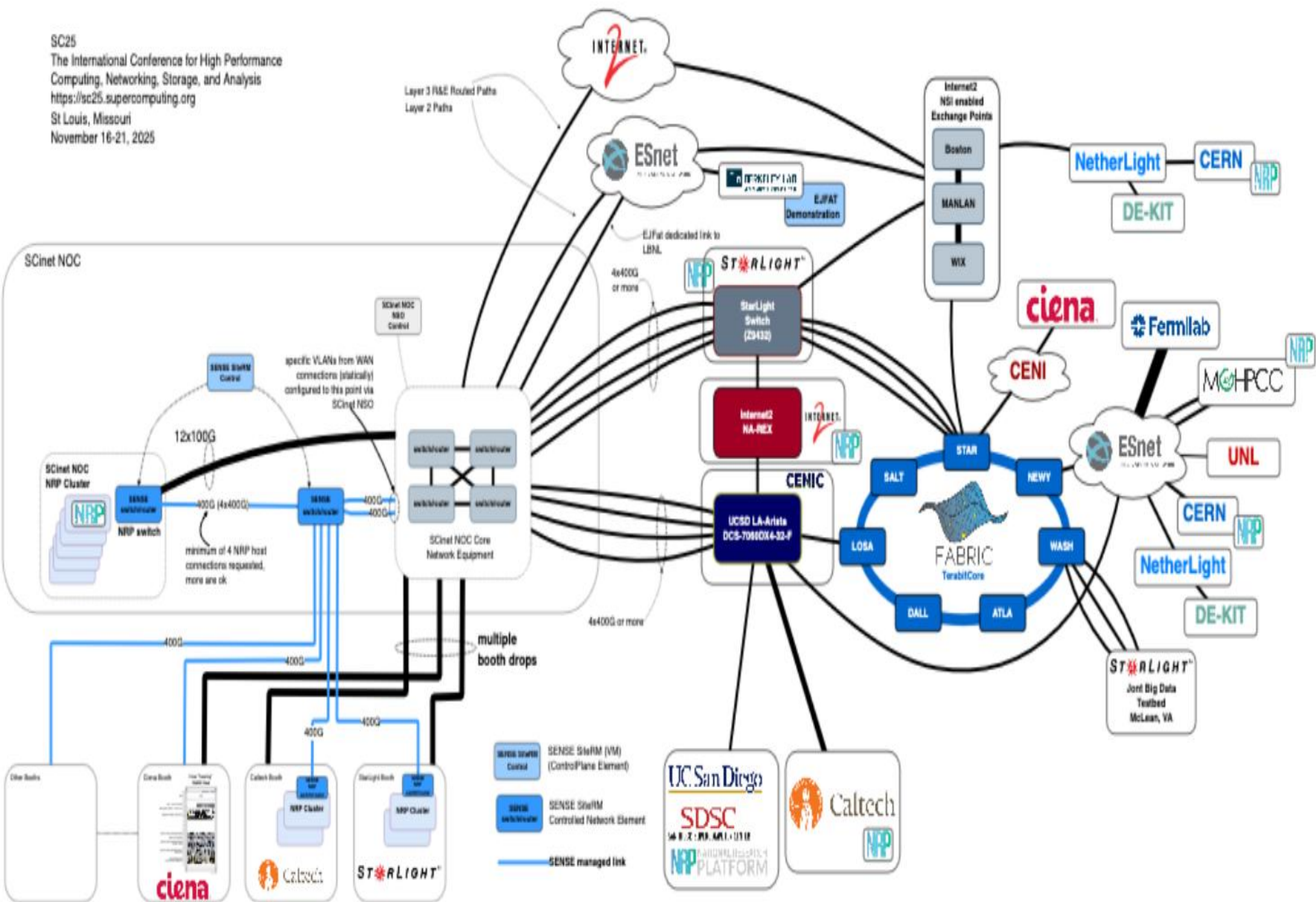
Kate Keahey

Joe Mambretti, Pierre Riteau, Paul Ruth, Dan Stanzione

SEPTEMBER 28, 2017

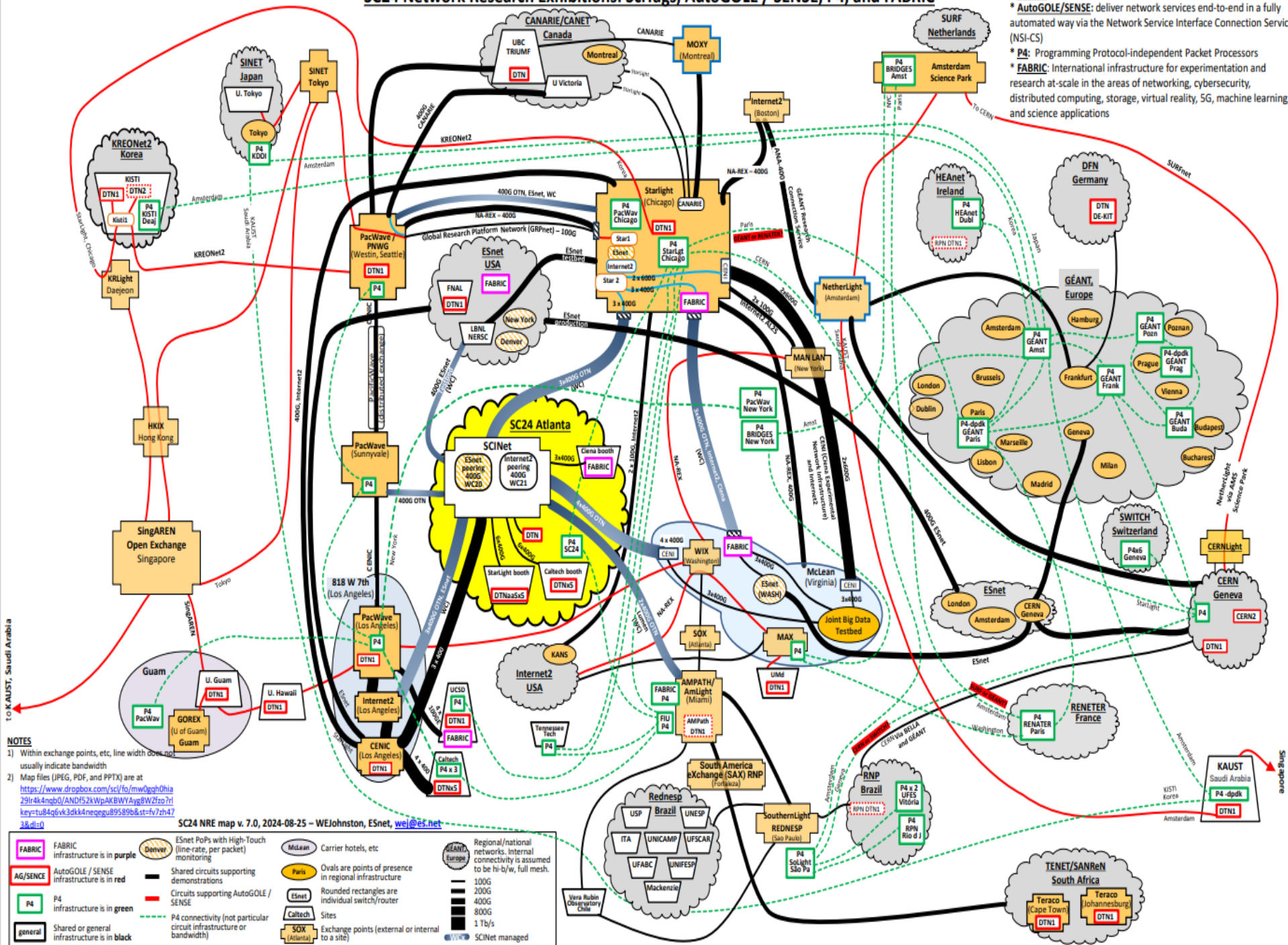
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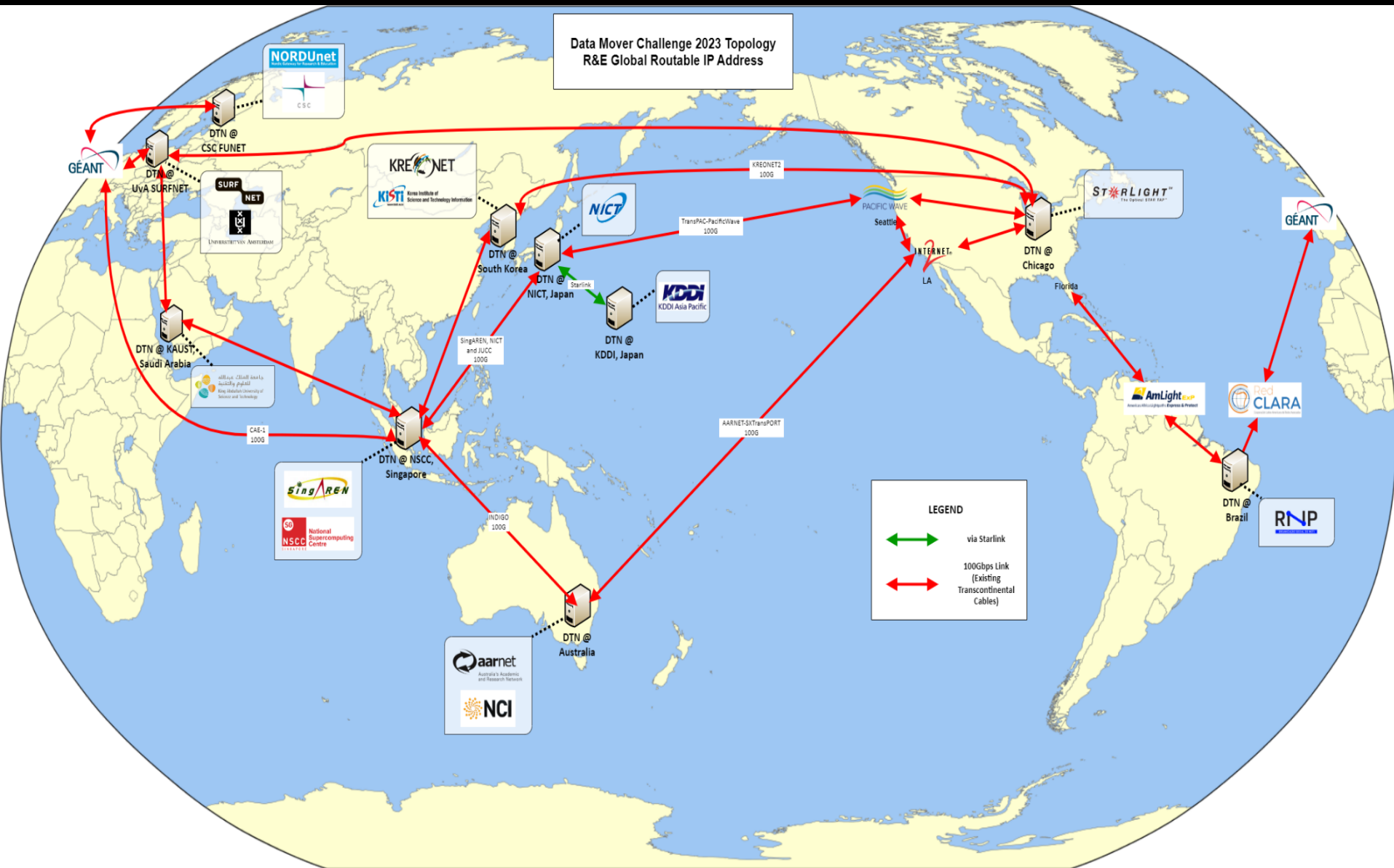




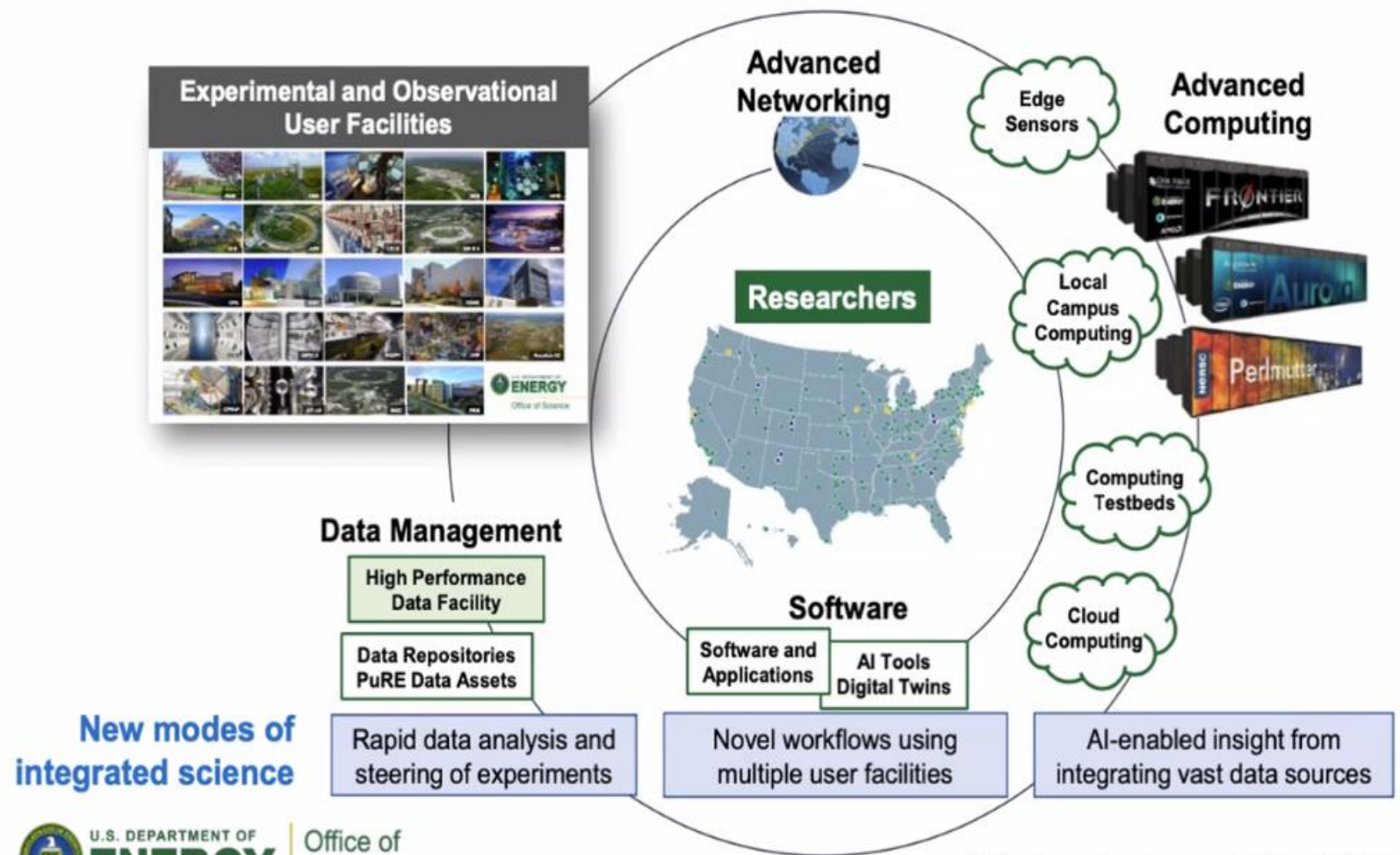
SC24 Network Research Exhibitions: SciTags, AutoGOLE / SENSE, P4, and FABRIC

- * **SciTags**: packet marking and flow labelling
- * **AutoGOLE/SENSE**: deliver network services end-to-end in a fully automated way via the Network Service Interface Connection Service (NSI-CS)
- * **P4**: Programming Protocol-independent Packet Processors
- * **FABRIC**: International infrastructure for experimentation and research at-scale in the areas of networking, cybersecurity, distributed computing, storage, virtual reality, 5G, machine learning, and science applications





DOE's Integrated Research Infrastructure (IRI) Vision:
To empower researchers to meld DOE's world-class research tools, infrastructure, and user facilities seamlessly and securely in novel ways to radically accelerate discovery and innovation



www.startap.net/starlight

Thanks to the NSF, DOE, NASA,
NIH, DARPA
Universities, National Labs,
International & Industrial
Partners,
and Other Supporters



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